sw VGAxi/ MAC ${ }_{x i}$ Switchers
The SW VGAxi/ MAC $x i$ are 350 MHz bandwidth switchers are housed in rack mountable, 1 U high,
half width metal enclosures with internal, universal $100-240$ VAC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ power supplies. They half width metal enclosures win inernal, universal
have built-in standard contact closure remote control capability with Tally through the 25 pin Contact have built-in standard contact closure remote control capability with Tally through the 25 pin Contact
Remote connector (see Contact Remote pin assignenents -ifurere 4-A). Oppional remote controls
availate
 remote control with an operating range of approximately 30 feet and the RS-2 2 and $2,4,6,8$ Controiter.
VGA $x i$ switchers are availe VA $x i$ i switchers are available with 2,4 or 6 inputs while the $S W$ MAC $x i$ is only available with 2 inputs
If more than 2 MAC inputs are required. the SW4 VGAA Si or SW6 VGAxi may be used with VGAMAC adapters (see connection diagram in Figure 3-A and Part Numbers on Page 5)
Auto-switching
Auto-switching is a feature of the SW VGA $x i$ and $S W$ MAC $_{x}$. switchers that can be enableddisabled
using a switch on the rear panel (see item E in Figure $2-\mathrm{A}$ ). With the AUTOMANUAL switch in the using a switch on the rear panel (see item E in Figure 2-A). With the AUTO/MANUAL switch in the
AUTO position, the front panel AUTO SWITCH ACTIVE LED is ON, the input selection buttons are AUT postion, the front panel AUTO SWITCH ACTIVE LED is ON, the input selection buttons a
disabled, and the switcher automatically selects the highest number input that has synco pulses
available.


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Figure 1-A
Front Panel Component Descriptions
The letters next to the following descriptions match the circled letters in Figure 1-A above.
A Auto Switch Active LED - ON = Auto switch mode active (Rear panel Auto/Manual switch UP) B Input selection switches and LEDS - LED for selected input will be ON.

Installation and Operation

Features

| $\quad$ Two, four or six inputs available, depending on the model |
| :--- |
| 350 |

$\therefore 350 \mathrm{MHz}$ zandwidth ( (-3 dB)

- Unselected inputs are remote contriol connector
$\therefore$ Unseliected inputs are 75 ohm terminated
Tactile switch buttons with LEDs
$10,1 / 12$ rack width enclosure
- Internal universal power supply
 Quadra may be used with SW 2 MACXA, or, if more than two inputs are required, SW $\mathrm{SW} 4 / 6 \mathrm{~V}$ VGA MA Xi
Swithers may be used with


Figure 2-A
Rear Panel Component Descriptions
The letters next to the following descriptions match the circled letters in Figure 2-A above
C AC power connector - Standard IEC power connector ( $100-240$ VAC $50 / 60 \mathrm{HZ})$
AUTOMANUAL switch - Down $=$ normal mode, $\mathrm{UP}=$ Auto switch mode
F VGA Input connectors
G VGA Output connector
4 Contact Remote connector - 25 -pin contact closure connector - see Page 4 for details. Extron • SW Switchers VGAAti/MAC $x_{i}$. User's Guide


Figure 3-A SW 6 VGAxiswitcher diagram


Figure 3-B SW 2 MAC xiswitcher diagram

REMOTE Connector - The Remote connector provides a way to control the VGAxi/ MAC $x i$ iswitchers using contact closure devices such as the following

Extron KP-10 (wired remote keypad, IR-10 (infrared remote), RS-232 2-4-6-8 (Host computer)
Third Party Remote Control - Information below may be used to design a third party remote control. Remote connector pin assignments are shown in the table below (Figure 4-A) To select a different switcher input number throught the remote connector, momentarily connect the pin for the desired input
number (\#) to logic ground (pin 25 ). number (\#) to logic ground (pin 25).
NOTE _ The duration of a momentary connection is defined as $250-500$ milli-seconds.
The Tally pins can be used for remote indication of the switcher's selected input. Tally \#1- \#6 (pins
$14-19$ ) will indicate the switcher's selected input $\#$ with a logic low ( 0 volts), the Tally pins are normally at logic high (5 volts). For example, with wivitcher input \#2 selected, the front panel LED for that input would be ON and Tally \#2 (pin 15) would be 0 volts while the remaining Tally pins would
be 5 volts. The schen The schematics shown below (Figure 4-B) may be used as a guide to design and build indicator
circuits for the Tally pins. An example of an LED circuit is shown at the top, two versions of dircuits tor the Taly pins. An example of an LED circuit is shown a the top, two versions of The +5 volt source on remote connector pin 13 is limited to 100 mA , if a different voltage or a higher
current is required, an external voltage source will be necesssary. Looping is a configuration technique (see Figure 4-C) that enables the total number of inputs to a
switcher (A) to be increased by connecting its highest input to the output of another switcher (B). A Loop control signal from switcher B (Loop Out - Remote connector pin 24) to switcher A (Looo in . Loop control signal from swither B (Loop Out - Remote connector pin 24 ) to switcher A (Loop In -
Remote connetcor pin 12 ) will caus switcher A to select its highest input when an input selection is made on switcher B. If a third switcher (C) is added, its output would connect to the highest inpu
on switcher B and its Loop Out signal would connect to switcher B's Loop In. An input selection on on switcher B and its Loop Out signal would connect to switcher B's Loop In. An input selection
Switcher C would cause switcher B to select its highest input and signal switcher A to select its highest input. The selected input on switcher $C$ would be available at Switcher $A$ 's output. An input
selection on Switcher $A$ would drop Switchers $B$ and $C$ out of the loop until a selection is made on


VGA connector pin-9 is normally not used and does not exist in most cases, however, some equipment/applications may require the signal on input connector pin-9 to be passed to output
connector pin-9. If this is a requirement, it will be necessary to solder one or more jumpers onto the inside of the erear panel. The jumpers (JMP1- JMP6) are shown on the Printed Circuit Board layout inside of the rar panel. The jumpers (JMPI - JMPP) are shown on the Printed Circuit
below. The switcher model determines which jumper applies to which input as follows:

To access the inside of the rear panel, DISCONNECT POWER and remove four screws from the top of
the switcher. The bottom panel can then be removed. Unplug the two cables connected to the circuit board enabling it to be removed

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Figure 5-A



SW SwITCHERS - VGA $\underset{\text { I }}{ }$ / MAC $\chi x i$ SW2 VGAxi SW4 VGAxi SW6 VGAxi SW2 MACxi

